

## Use of Multiple Concurrent Antipsychotics in Children and Adolescents

### MEASURE DESCRIPTION

The percentage of children and adolescents 1 to 17 years of age who were on two or more different antipsychotic medications concurrently for at least 90 consecutive days during the measurement year. A lower rate indicates better performance.

### ANTIPSYCHOTIC MEDICATIONS

Description	Generic Name	Brand Name
<b>First Generation Antipsychotic Medications</b>	Chlorpromazine HCL, Fluphenazine HCL, Fluphenazine decanoate, Haloperidol, Haloperidol decanoate, Haloperidol lactate, Loxapine HCL, Loxapine succinate, Molindone HCL, Perphenazine, Pimozide, Thioridazine HCL, Thiothixene, Trifluoperazine HCL	Thorazine HCL , Prolixin HCL, Prolixin decanoate, Haldol, Haldol intramuscular, Haldol intravenous, Loxitane HCL, Loxitane succinate, Moban HCL, Trilaphon, Orap, Mellaril HCL, Navane, Stelazine HCL
<b>Second Generation Antipsychotic Medications</b>	Aripiprazole, Asenapine, Brexpiprazole, Cariprazine, Clozapine, Iloperidone, Lurasidone, Olanzapine, Olanzapine pamoate, Paliperidone, Paliperidone palmitate, Quetiapine fumarate, Risperidone, Risperidone microspheres, Ziprasidone HCL, Ziprasidone mesylate	Abilify, Saphris, Rexulti, Vraylar, Clozaril, Fanapt, Latuda, Zyprexa, Zyprexa Relprevv, Invega, Invega Sustenna, Seroquel, Risperdal, Risperdal Consta, Geodon, Geodon for injection

### HOW TO IMPROVE HEDIS® SCORES

- ☐ Avoid the simultaneous use of multiple antipsychotic medications for children and adolescents per The American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry.
- ☐ Consider monotherapy as the preferred treatment option as it poses a reduced health risk burden for patients associated with multiple concurrent antipsychotics
- ☐ Monitor children and adolescents prescribed antipsychotics closely as they are more at risk for serious health concerns, including weight gain, extrapyramidal side effects, hyperprolactinemia and some metabolic effects.
- ☐ Monitor girls treated with certain antipsychotics closely as they may also be at increased risk for gynecological problems.
- ☐ Inform parents/guardians of the increased side effect burden of multiple concurrent antipsychotics on children's health has implications for future physical health concerns including obesity and diabetes.
- ☐ Ensure the parents/guardians have an understanding of the local community support resources and what to do in an event of a crisis.